In the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

Listing of Claims

Claims 1-29 are canceled.

30. (Previously Presented) A method for providing or sharing or jointly using a mobile radio access

network by several mobile radio providers, comprising the steps of

providing a single radio access network (9; 12) for joint use by several mobile radio

providers, wherein for differentiating between a core networks (6, 7; 10, 11) of the different mobile radio providers, the respective identify of the network operator (PLMN identity) is provided in the

radio access network (RAN or BSS) to the mobile radio subscriber (UE or MS) by transmitting more

than one mobile radio operator identity, PLMN identity, on an organization channel BCCH;

transmitting more than one PLMN identity in a mobile radio system operating according to the UMTS standard in the Master Information Block (MIB) or in System Information Block 1

(SIB1), or in a mobile radio system operating according to the GSM standard on the System

Information Type 3 (SI3).

31. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein network elements of the

core network (6, 7; 10, 11) (Core Network, for example MSC and/or GSN) required for providing

the mobile radio services are separately provided by each of the mobile radio providers.

32. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein network elements of the

core network (6, 7; 10, 11) (CN) are used for providing voice connections (MSC), whereas other network elements for providing IP connections (packet network, GSN) are each provided by the

different operators.

33. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein more than one PLMN

identity is transmitted in a different System Information Block other than the Master Information Block (MIB) and the System Information Block 1 (SIB1) on the BCCH of a mobile radio system operating according to the UMTS standard.

- 34. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein more than one PLMN identity is transmitted in a different block other than the System Information Type 3 (SI3) on the BCCH of a mobile radio system operating according to the GSM standard.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein when a connection is requested, the subscriber/the subscriber terminal (13) notifies the radio access network (9; 12) of the different core networks (6, 7; 10, 11) or PLMNs with which the connection is to be set up.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein when a connection is requested, the subscriber/the subscriber terminal (13) notifies the radio access network (9; 12) of the different core networks (6, 7; 10, 11) with which the connection is to be set up, and that this notification occurs with the transmission of the PLMN ID in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST or the INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message in a mobile radio system operating according to the UMTS standard.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein when a connection is requested, the subscriber/the subscriber terminal (13) notifies the radio access network (9; 12) of the different core networks (6, 7; 10, 11) with which the connection is to be set up, and that this notification occurs with the transmission of the PLMN ID in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST or the INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message in a mobile radio system operating according to the UMTS standard, wherein the PLMN identity is provided as MCC + MNC.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein when a connection is requested, the subscriber/the subscriber terminal (13) notifies the radio access network (9; 12) of the different core networks (6, 7; 10, 11) with which the connection is to be set up, and that this notification occurs with the transmission of the network operator ID (for example PLMN ID) in the

RRC CONNECTION REQUEST or the INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message in a mobile radio system operating according to the UMTS standard, wherein only the MCC of the PLMN identity is

transmitted.

39. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein when a connection is

requested, the subscriber/the subscriber terminal (13) notifies the radio access network (9; 12) of the different core networks (6, 7; 10, 11) with which the connection is to be set up, and that this

notification occurs with the transmission of the network operator ID (for example PLMN ID) in the

RRC CONNECTION REQUEST or the INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message in a mobile radio

system operating according to the UMTS standard, wherein the PLMN identity is represented by an

integer (1, 2, 3...n) or a bit string (e.g., "001"), and the actual PLMN identity is determined from the

sequential order of transmission of the different PLMN identities on the BCCH.

40. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein when a connection is

requested, the subscriber/the subscriber terminal (13) notifies the radio access network (9; 12) of the

different core networks (6, 7; 10, 11) with which the connection is to be set up, and that this

 $notification\ occurs\ with\ the\ transmission\ of\ the\ network\ operator\ ID\ (for\ example\ PLMN\ ID)\ neither$

in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST nor the INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message in a mobile

radio system operating according to the UMTS standard.

41. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein more than one PLMN ID is

transmitted in the System Information Block 1 (SIB1) on the BCCH of a mobile radio system operating according to the UMTS standard or core network information of more than one core

network is transmitted within an SIB1.

42. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein a signal represented, for

example, by a single bit is transmitted on the organization channel (BCCH) of the radio access

network (9; 12) to indicate if the radio network resources administration unit (RCN and/or BSC)

provides the connection request of the subscriber/the subscriber terminal (13) with one of the core

networks (6, 7; 10, 11) based on the IMSI of the subscriber terminal ("default" selection based on the

subscriber IMSI).

43. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein a signal represented, for

example, by a single bit is transmitted on the organization channel (BCCH) of the radio access network (9; 12) to indicate if the radio network resources administration unit (RCN and/or BSC)

provides the connection request of the subscriber/the subscriber terminal (13) with one of the core

networks (6, 7; 10, 11) based on the IMSI of the subscriber terminal ("default" selection based on the

subscriber IMSI), and the "default" signaling is selected based on the IMSI, or the mobile radio

network operator ID (e.g., PLMN ID) is transmitted according to one of the previous methods by

signaling (for example, one bit) on the organization channel (BCCH).

44. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein more than one mobile radio

network operator ID (PLMN ID) is transmitted to a subscriber terminal (13) in a mobile radio

network operating according to the UMTS or GSM standard.

45. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein the additional mobile

network operator IDs (e.g., PLMN IDs) and hence of network operators, which the subscriber

terminal (13) is potentially permitted to use, a transmitted through dedicated signaling between radio

access network (9; 12) or core network (6, 7; 10, 11) and the subscriber terminal (13).

46. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein additional PLMN IDs are

always transmitted when a subscriber terminal (13) logs on to a mobile radio network for the purpose

of registration, actually uses a service, or indicates its actual location to the mobile radio network.

47. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein additional possible mobile

radio network operator IDs are transmitted according to a dedicated network-subscriber terminal

 $relationship \ or \ based \ on \ a \ transmission \ on \ the \ organization \ channel \ BCCH, \ and \ this \ information \ is$

used by the subscriber terminal (13) in such a way that radio access resources of another mobile radio operator can be used in the same way as if they were part of the registered mobile radio

network.

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48. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein additional possible mobile radio network operator IDs are transmitted according to a dedicated network-subscriber terminal relationship, and following a connection request, a subscriber terminal (13) transmits the network

operator ID (PLMN ID) to the radio access network control unit (RNC/BSC) by using the method

according to claim 30, and wherein the radio access network control unit (RNC/BSC) provides the corresponding connections to the requested core networks (6, 7; 10, 11) of the mobile radio network

operator.

49. (Previously Presented) A system for operating several mobile radio networks, by using the

method for providing or sharing or jointly using a mobile radio access network by several mobile radio providers according to claim 30, wherein the mobile radio networks comprise a common radio

access network (9; 12) but separate core networks (6, 7; 10, 11).

50. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 49, wherein that at least one of the

mobile radio networks comprises a core network element (MSC or GSN) for CS and PS connections

and a radio network control unit (RNC or BSC), wherein one radio network control unit (RNC or

BSC) is connected with more than one respective core network element (MSC or GSN) for CS and

PS connections.

51. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 49, wherein one radio access network

(RAN) is connected with more than one SGSN (for the PS domain).

52. (Previously Presented) The system according to claim 49, wherein one radio access network

(RAN) is connected with more than one MSC (for the CS domain).

53. (Previously Presented) The method for selecting core network elements of mobile radio

networks according to claim 30, wherein the selection of the PLMN or of these core network elements (MSC or GSN) is based on signaling the selection by the subscriber terminal (13), in

particular based on the signaled PLMN ID.

- 54. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 30, wherein the provided single radio access network (9; 12), operates according to the UMTS, CDMA 2,000, or GSM standard.
- 55. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein network elements of the core network (6, 7; 10, 11) (CN) are commonly used for providing voice connections (MSC).
- 56. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 46, wherein the service is in the context of a "PDP context activation."
- 57. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 46, wherein the actual location to the mobile radio network is for moving subscriber terminals, through location registration procedures.